Travel to Education Survey

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September 2007

FINAL REPORT 06

DTO Travel to Education Survey

Final Report

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1. Introduction

1.1 Background to the Survey

The Dublin Transportation Office (DTO) is responsible for strategic transport planning in the Greater Dublin area. The Office uses a multi-modal transportation model covering the area to aid it in carrying out this remit.

In the spring of 2002, the DTO undertook a comprehensive travel to education survey to coincide with the 2002 Census. The main purpose of this survey was to obtain essential data relating to travel to education patterns and to gather data that would inform the DTO's Safe Routes to School programme. All Primary, Secondary schools, and third level colleges within the GDA were invited to take part in the 2002 survey.

In September 2006, MVA Consultancy, in conjunction with Field Research Ireland (FRI), were appointed by the DTO to undertake a follow up travel to education survey in the autumn/winter of 2006. The main purpose of the 2006 survey was to provide information that allowed the DTO to update their transport model. The survey fieldwork and data collection were undertaken by FRI, and the collated data from the survey was handed over by MVA Consultancy to the DTO in May 2007.

In June 2007, MVA Consultancy provided the DTO with their final report on the conduct of the survey and a preliminary analysis of the collated results. Following this, the DTO undertook a series of data checking and cleaning procedures on the data, and some of these procedures are described in section 4.2.

The cleaned data sample was then factored to represent the full population of persons travelling to schools and colleges in the GDA. Following this, the DTO was in a position to undertake a more detailed analysis of the survey results. This report is based on the original report compiled by MVA Consultancy, but presents an updated analysis of the main survey results following the full checking and cleaning of the survey data.

1.2 Aims and Objectives

The main project aim was to obtain comprehensive data on travel to and from education which, when combined with travel to work data from the 2006 Census, would enable the DTO to update its morning peak transportation model. In order to achieve this, we sought to meet the following survey objectives:

• to obtain a representative sample of the patterns of travel to school and college throughout the Greater Dublin Area;

- to at least match the survey returns achieved in the 2002 surveys for primary and secondary schools; and
- to improve survey participation and response rates of the tertiary sector on that achieved in 2002.

1.3 Survey Programme

Pilot

As there were changes to the questionnaires that were used in 2002, as well as in the methodology used, it was necessary to pilot the survey.

The draft school questionnaires and survey methodology were piloted in one Primary School and one Secondary School during mid-September 2006.

A pilot of the Third Level questionnaire and methodology was undertaken in early October 2006.

Both of these pilots went well and only minimal changes were made to the questionnaires as a result. The methodologies were successful and no changes were made to the distribution and administration methods for the main fieldwork.

Fieldwork

The main fieldwork was originally scheduled to take place from mid-September until mid-November 2006. However, as the schools were recruited early for the pilot, and the amendments to the questionnaires were minimal, the fieldwork period was brought forward and extended. This ensured that as many schools could be included in the survey as possible. The fieldwork period began in early October 2006 and ran through to mid-December 2006. However, one school that had requested to participate could only do so after the Christmas school holiday. Therefore, the final data was not collected and processed until the end of January 2007.

The week leading up to the Christmas holidays was avoided for fieldwork as it was considered that there would be a high risk of abnormal travel behaviour during this period.

1.4 Structure of this Report

The survey methodology will be explained in Chapter Two and achieved participation and response rates will be outlined in Chapter Three. Chapter Four provides a summary of the main findings.

Chapter Five provides a brief summary, and recommendations from MVA Consultancy for replicating the survey in the future.

2. Methodology

2.1 Inviting Schools and Colleges to Participate

The DTO provided MVA Consultancy with a database of all the schools and Colleges/Universities in the Greater Dublin Area (GDA), and the intention was to invite all schools and colleges to participate in the survey. Of the 1035 schools in this database, 71 were deselected as they related to either hospitals or special needs schools or had closed since the database was compiled. Therefore, a total of 964 schools were in-scope for the survey.

Introductory letters were prepared for each school/college based on whether they had participated or not in the previous sweep of the survey and whether they needed an English or Irish language version of the letter. All letters were posted simultaneously to all schools and colleges on the database.

The database of all available schools and colleges was divided geographically so that survey coordinators could be allocated to particular areas and could concentrate on recruiting and facilitating the survey in that area.

A pack was produced for each establishment to include a number of different posters to be displayed in the school, students union, staff room, canteen, etc., along with a cover to be attached to a box. This box was to be used as a collection/drop off point to be located in the staff room, secretary's room or other nominated secure location. The pack also included a copy of the original letter posted to the school/college, and the relevant questionnaires for the school in their preferred language.

These packs were distributed to the relevant survey coordinators along with the contact details of the schools/colleges within their remit. The coordinators then had responsibility for recruiting the schools/colleges within their area to participate in the survey.

Coordinators contacted the schools within their area, agreed participation and organised a time when they could deliver the packs. Field Research Ireland (FRI) contacted the colleges directly and agreed survey points within the college and days when surveying was permitted.

Any establishment that did not want to participate either contacted FRI directly or did so through the survey coordinator.

2.2 Questionnaire Design and Distribution

Separate questionnaires were tailored for Primary Schools, Secondary Schools, and Third Level Colleges/Universities. The questionnaires used in the 2002 survey were redeveloped for the 2006 survey. Key questions were retained so that comparisons between the two years could be made. Questionnaires were printed in both the Irish and English language for

Primary and Secondary schools. Irish speaking schools were automatically issued with questionnaires in the Irish language.

A unique six digit serial number was printed on each questionnaire, and a unique serial number range was allocated to each school/college that had agreed to participate, based on the number of students or pupils in the relevant establishment.

Secondary school pupils were asked to complete the surveys at the school on a Tuesday, Wednesday or Thursday (ie those days that are most likely to consist of a typical trip to school). Primary schools were instructed that the pupil's parents should complete the questionnaire based on the pattern of travel undertaken on the most recent Tuesday, Wednesday or Thursday.

Administering the Third Level Survey

A specific objective of the 2006 survey was to improve upon the response rate achieved at the third level institutions during the 2002 survey. Therefore a different approach was taken to how the surveys were administered in these sites.

Rather than conducting face-to-face interviews (as in 2002), the survey coordinators administered the survey by means of a hall test scenario in the third level Colleges/Universities. Questionnaires were handed out to students who completed them while the interviewer was present. This methodology was developed around the following factors:

- adopting a more cost and time effective methodology (per interview) so that a far greater number of completed questionnaires was possible within the given timeframe;
- active and effective liaison and collaboration with relevant staff in colleges;
- careful selection of sample points to maximise response and ensure representativeness;
- careful planning of the timing of field shifts and deployment of field resource to maximise returns;
- development of effective advertising and incentives; and
- use of a highly trained and experienced fieldforce, with direct experience of this sector.

This methodology was successful in significantly increasing the response rate as detailed in the following chapter.

2.3 Facilitating the Survey

Packs were made, schools were recruited, and fieldwork was undertaken on a rolling basis to accommodate the large number of schools involved. Each school was allocated a four-week fieldwork period. The survey coordinator contacted each of their schools mid-way through their dedicated fieldwork period to see how the survey was processing and agreed a date that was suitable for questionnaire collection. At this stage, some of the Irish language primary schools asked for additional surveys to be issued to the school in the English language so as to allow parents who were not themselves proficient in the language to complete the questionnaires on behalf of their school children.

Many schools contacted the survey coordinator after the initial batch of surveys were collected and requested another pick up, while a small number of schools sent some late returns by post.

The winter mid-term break negatively impacted on field work as coordinators were discouraged from delivering packs to the schools during the week previous to the break. A number of schools felt that it would be better to have them delivered after the holiday. This meant that two weeks of fieldwork were lost. As a consequence, fieldwork overran slightly into January 2007.

Once questionnaires were returned to FRI, they were logged as returned and subsequently data punched. Pupil and student home addresses were coded to DTO model zones using a street gazetteer covering the full GDA supplied by the DTO.

As an incentive to encourage participation, a prize draw was offered. Seven Primary and seven Secondary schools were drawn from the participating schools and each received a prize of a notebook computer for their school. For third level, twenty students were drawn from the full list of respondents and received a prize of an i-pod each.

3. Response Rates

3.1 Participations Rates

Participation Rate by School Category

Overall, 89% of all schools in the Greater Dublin Area (GDA) participated in the 2006 survey. Table 3.1 details the participation rates across the different school categories and shows that there was a marked increase in participation rates across all categories of school compared with that recorded in the 2002 survey.

	Total Schools/ Colleges in GDA	Participating Schools/ Colleges	School Participation Rate 2006 (%)	School Participation Rate 2002 (%)
Primary	684	626	92%	74%
Secondary	233	196	84%	66%
Tertiary	47	33	70%	64%
Total	964	855	89%	72%

Table 3.1 Participation Rates by School Category

Participation Rates by County

Participation rates of both primary and secondary schools improved across all counties. Tables 3.2 and 3.3 provide details of the number and percentage of schools that participated by county in the 2006 survey, compared with those recorded in the 2002 survey.

Table 3.2 Participation Rates by County - Primary Schools

	Total Schools	Participating Schools	Participation Rate 2006 (%)	Participation Rate 2002 (%)
Dublin	409	370	90%	71%
Meath	104	93	89%	70%
Kildare	95	91	96%	85%
Wicklow	76	72	95%	81%
Total	684	626	92%	74%

	Total Schools	Participating Schools	Participation Rate 2006 (%)	Participation Rate 2002 (%)
Dublin	168	138	82%	65%
Meath	17	16	94%	50%
Kildare	28	24	86%	78%
Wicklow	20	18	90%	81%
Total	233	196	84%	66%

Table 3.3 Participation Rates by County - Secondary Schools

3.2 **Response Rates**

Overall, 42% of all pupils and students in the GDA completed a questionnaire. Almost half of the primary school pupils and 43% of secondary school pupils returned a questionnaire, while 26% of third level students in Colleges/Universities did so. Table 3.4 details the number of responses across the three categories.

Overall, the response rate from Primary schools matched the response achieved in the 2002 survey, while there was an increase in the response rate in the other two categories compared with the 2002 survey.

	Total Pupils/ Students in GDA	Survey Forms Distributed	Completed Survey Form Returned	Response Rate 2006 (%)	Response Rate 2002 (%)
Primary	171,350	147,271	80,512	47%	47%
Secondary	121,362	102,083	51,928	43%	32%
Tertiary	60,229	53,595	15,732	26%	10%
Total	352,941	302,949	148,172	42%	36%

Table 3.4 Response Rates by School Category

There was a significant increase in the response rate from third level students, improving the robustness of the data collected from this sector.

3.3 Reasons for Not Participating

Though the level of non-participation in the survey was low, FRI sought feedback on the reasons for not participation. The main reasons given for non-participation were:

- they were too busy;
- they did not want to take part;
- the school was about to close or move premises;
- they did not see the relevance of the DTO to their area;
- the children were too young and they did not want to put any additional workload onto the parents;
- they already had other surveys being administered in the school; and
- they had participated in 2002 and felt that they did not benefit from the experience.

4. Main Results

4.1 Introduction

This chapter deals with the cleaning and checking of the survey data and the process used to factor the survey sample to represent the full population of persons travelling to places of education in the GDA. The chapter also summarises the main survey findings under the headings – mode of travel, journey time and distance travelled.

4.2 Data Cleaning and factoring

Data Cleaning and Factoring of Data

Following the assembly and handover of the travel to education data by MVA Consultancy, the DTO undertook a series of data cleaning and checking procedures on the data. Following this, the DTO were in a position to factor the data records (based on zonal survey sample rates) to represent the full population of persons travelling to education places in the GDA – as was done in the case of the 2002 survey. However, owing to differences in the categories of coding used on the questionnaires, direct comparisons between the 2002 and 2006 data in terms of absolute numbers is difficult. For this reason, this chapter presents only top line comparisons of the two datasets based on percentages. It should be noted, however, that small changes of one or two percentage points may be due to sampling error rather than reflecting genuine changes in travel patterns.

Analysis of 2002 Data

In the case of factual data, the 2002 Census data has been used to contextualise the 2006 survey results. The 2002 DTO Travel Survey data was used to contextualise attitudinal responses. Table 4.1 details which data set has been used in each section.

2002 Census	2002 DTO Travel Survey	
Mode of travel to education	Reasons for not walking to school	
Journey time to education	Reasons for not cycling to school	
Distance travelled to education		

Table 4.1 Use of 2002 Census and 2002 DTO Travel Survey Data

County Comparisons

The survey results were broken down by the county where the School or College is located. As data analysis showed no significant differences in responses in the outer counties of Meath, Kildare and Wicklow, the county comparisons were based on just two categories – i.e. "Dublin" and "Rest of the GDA". There were no significant differences in time of travel or distance travelled between Dublin and the Rest of the GDA. However, there were significant differences in the mode of travel to school in Dublin versus the other counties, and this analysis is presented in Figure 4.4.

Cleaning Journey Time Data

As a check, journey speed was calculated from the distance travelled to school and the time taken for the journey. Checks were carried out to see if the calculated journey speeds were within reasonable limits for each mode of travel. Table 4.2 below gives the lower and upper speed criteria applied for each mode of travel.

Where infeasible journey speeds were calculated from responses, distance was taken as the more reliable response, and journey time was recoded using the average speed for the mode of travel. For example, where a respondent stated they walked 3km in two minutes, giving a journey speed of 90 km per hour, the journey time was recoded to 45 minutes, giving a walking speed of 4Km/Hr – the average for this mode.

Mode Type	Lower Speed Limit	Upper Speed Limit
Walk	1Km/Hr	> 6 Km/Hr
Cycle	5Km/Hr	> 16 Km/Hr
Buses	1Km/Hr	> 100 Km/Hr
Cars	1Km/Hr	> 120 Km/Hr

Table 4.2 Inconsistencies in Speed, Criteria for recoding journey time

Distance Data

Problems were also encountered when comparing distances travelled. In the 2002 Census, distance travelled to School or College was recorded in miles, while in this survey, the distance travelled was coded in distance categories in kilometres. For this reason it was not possible to directly compare the 2006 survey data with the 2002 Census in terms of distance travelled to School or College.

4.3 Mode of Travel to Education

All respondents were asked what mode of transport they used to get to their educational establishment. The results have been analysed by school category and

compared with the results of the 2002 Census. The mode used has also been compared by region in which the school or college is located.

Mode by School Category (2006)

The main mode of travel for school children in 2006 was walking or as a passenger in a car, while over half of the respondents attending third level institutions had used public transport (i.e. public bus, train or DART, and LUAS). Figure 4.1 illustrates the differences in modes used in the different education categories.

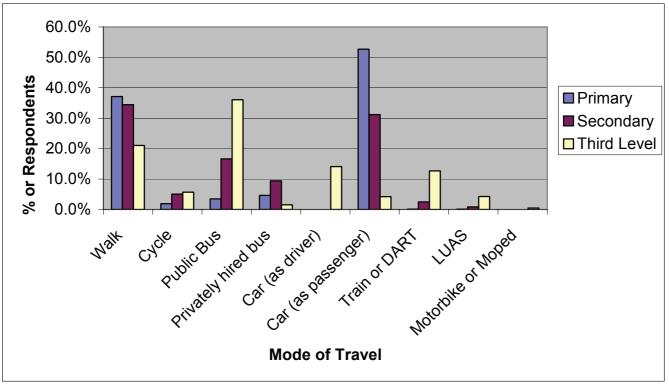


Figure 4.1 Mode of Travel to Education by School Category

Table 4.3 details the changes in mode of travel between 2002 and 2006 for the different school categories. There has been a decline in the percentage of both Primary and Secondary children walking and using the bus to get to school throughout the Greater Dublin Area, and an increase in the percentage that are now travelling in cars. School children also make minimal use of the train/DART and the LUAS.

Fewer students that attend third level Colleges and Universities are now travelling to their place of education as passengers in a car, however, a higher percentage now drive themselves. Further, there has been an increase in the percentage of third level students that walk and take the train or DART. Over 4% of students in this group said that they used the LUAS (a service that was not available at the time of the 2002 survey). Despite a decline in the percentage of College/University students using the bus, this remains the mode used by the largest proportion of College/University students.

	Primary (%)		Seconda	ry (%)	Third LevelTotal (%)(%)		(%)	
	2002	2006	2002	2006	2002	2006	2002	2006
Walk	39.2	37.1	37.3	34.4	20.6	21.0	35.3	33.4
Cycle	1.4	1.9	5.8	5.0	7.5	5.7	4.0	3.6
Bus	12.6	8.1	30.1	26.0	40.0	37.6	23.3	19.3
Car (Driver)	-	-	0.7	-	12.8	14.1	2.4	2.4
Car (Passenger)	46.5	52.7	21.9	31.3	5.2	4.2	30.9	37.0
Train or DART	0.3	0.1	3.5	2.5	12.0	12.7	3.4	3.1
LUAS	-	0.1		0.8	-	4.2	-	1.1
Motorbike or Moped	-	-	0.8	-	1.9	0.5	0.7	0.1
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Table 4.3Mode of Travel to Education by School Category (2006 vs 2002)

Figure 4.2 shows the breakdown of the school category by mode. Over half of all respondents walking to school (54%) and close to 70% of car passengers were primary school pupils. Over two thirds of all Train, DART and LUAS users are third level students. Almost half of all cyclists and bus users are Secondary school students.

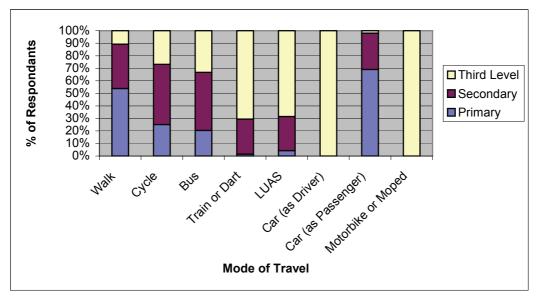


Figure 4.2 School Category within Mode (2006)

Mode of travel – 2006 versus 2002 Census

Overall, there has been a 2% decline in the percentage of students that walk (from 35.3% in 2002 to 33.4% in 2006), and those that cycle (from 4% in 2002 to 3.6% in 2006). There has been a more pronounced decline in the percentage of respondents that take a bus to their place of education, from 23.3% to 19.3%. On the other hand, there has been an increase in the percentage of students that are car passengers, from 31% in 2002 to 37% in 2006. Figure 4.3 illustrates the changes between 2002 and 2006.

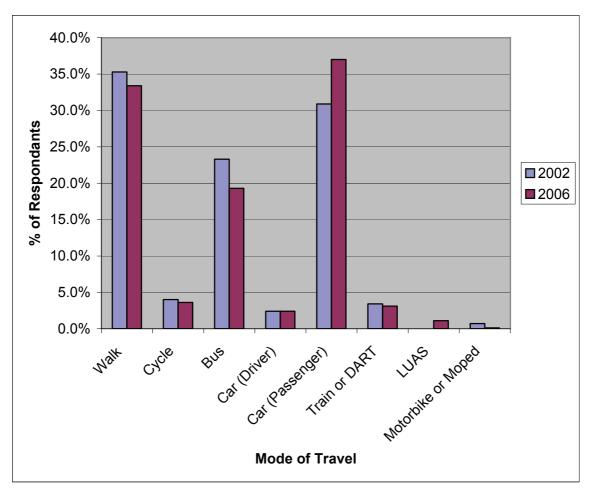


Figure 4.3 Mode of Travel – 2006 Survey vs 2002 Census Data

Mode of Travel by Region

Mode of travel was further analysed by the region within which schools and colleges were located (Dublin County versus the rest of the GDA).

Figure 4.4 shows how the percentages of pupils and students travelling to education by each mode varies by location of the school or college.

Walking was more popular in Dublin than in the rest of the GDA. Over one third (36%) of respondents walked to their place of education in Dublin, compared to 26% in the other counties.

The percentage of respondents that get a lift by car to school is much greater in the rest of the GDA (50%) as opposed to 32% of respondents who travel as car passengers to schools and colleges in Dublin.

In terms of bus usage, the survey distinguished between the scheduled or Public bus service and privately hired school bus services. In using the title "Private Hire Bus" in Figure 4.4, it should be noted that most of these services operated outside Dublin are in reality subcontracted out by Bus Eireann to the private sector.

Public bus use is more popular in Dublin, while private bus use is more prevalent throughout the other counties. Almost 16% of respondents use scheduled or public buses in Dublin, while close to 12% use privately hired buses in the rest of the GDA. Bus use overall is at much the same level in Dublin and the rest of the GDA.

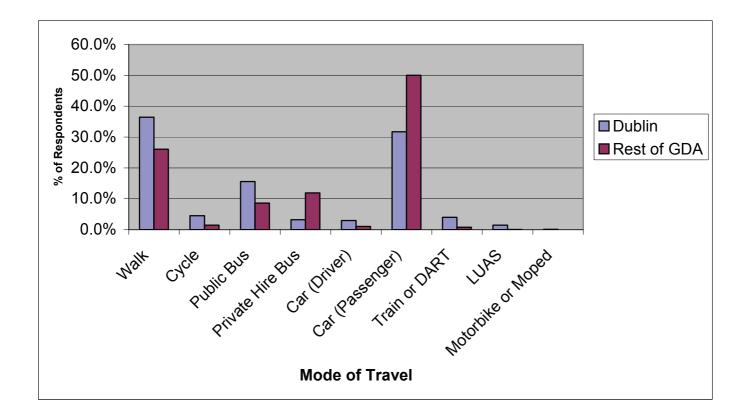


Figure 4.4 Means of Travel to education by Region (Dublin vs Rest of the GDA)

4.4 Journey Time

Journey time data from the survey was cleaned as described in Section 4.2, and then grouped into categories to facilitate comparisons. Results were analysed by school category and compared with the results in the 2002 Census.

Journey Times by School Category

Almost three quarters of all primary school children and over half of all secondary school children took 15 minutes or less to travel to school. Third level students in general have longer journey times with less than half of students (47%) travelling less than 30 minutes and almost a quarter (23.8%) or students having a journey time of more than one hour.

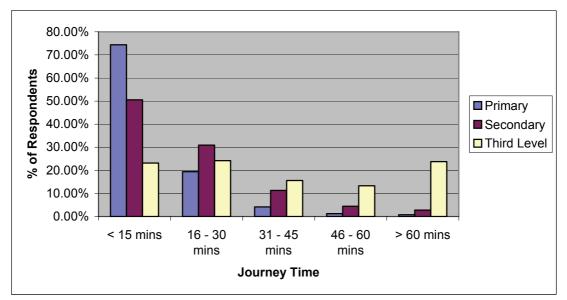


Figure 4.5 Journey Time by School Category (2006)

Journey Time - Comparison of 2006 Survey Data with 2002 Census

There has been a general reduction in journey times to school since 2002 with a significant increase in the percentage of pupils travelling 15 minutes or less to school - 59% as against 46% in 2002. The percentage of respondents with travel times between 16 minutes and an hour is significantly less in 2006 than was the case in 2002. This reduction in journey times reflects the earlier finding of a significant reduction since 2002 in the numbers of pupils walking and using bus and an increase in the numbers now travelling in cars.

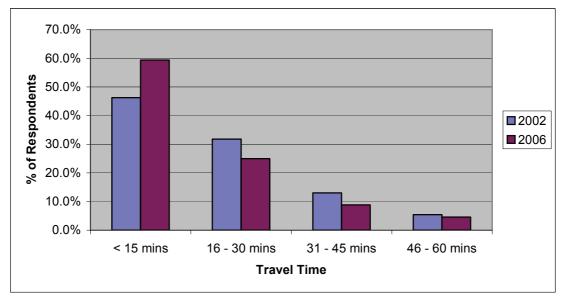


Figure 4.6 Journey Time comparison – 2006 Survey vs 2002 Census

4.5 Distance Travelled

All respondents were asked to indicate the distance they travelled to their educational establishment on the day of the survey. This data was analysed by school category. Because the 2002 Census asked the distance travelled in miles, a direct comparison of distance travelled between this survey and the 2002 Census was not possible.

Distance Travelled by School Category (2006)

Figure 4.7 details the distances travelled by pupils and students across the three categories of educational establishments.

It shows that a quarter of all primary school pupils live less than 0.5km from their school, while almost two thirds (64%) of them travel less than 2km to school.

Half of all second level pupils travel 2km or less to school. In the case of third level students, distances travelled to college are longer and more varied.

Over one third of all third level students travel more than 8.5km to college.

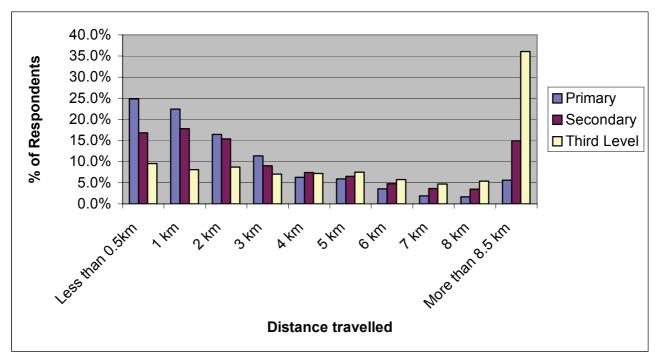


Figure 4.7 Distance travelled by school category

4.6 Reasons for not Walking & Cycling

All school pupils (i.e. respondents that attend primary and secondary schools) that indicated that they did not walk and/or cycle to school were asked to provide the main reasons for this. Respondents at third level institutions were not asked this question.

Responses to this question have been analysed by the two school categories. No data of this nature was collected in the 2002 Census; therefore comparisons have been made with the results of the 2002 DTO Travel to Education Survey.

Reasons for not Walking by School Category (2006)

Figure 4.8 shows that the main reason for not walking to school in both primary and secondary schools is that it is considered 'too far'. The number of pupils who gave this response was far greater in secondary schools than primary schools (62% compared to 40%). Road safety concerns were greater amongst primary pupils as were personal safety concerns.

A larger proportion of pupils at secondary school said that they did not walk to school because they had too much to carry; 12% of secondary school pupils gave this a reason compared to only 3% of primary school pupils.

The percentage of pupils who said that they did not walk because they preferred to cycle was insignificant at both primary (2%) and secondary schools (5%).

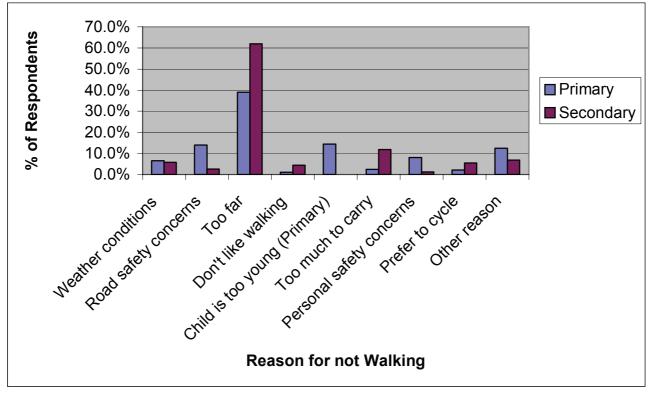


Figure 4.8 Reasons for Not Walking by School Category

Reasons for Not Walking – 2006 DTO Survey vs 2002 DTO Survey

Figure 4.9 illustrates the reasons given by primary and secondary school pupils for not walking to school in 2006 compared with 2002. In both 2002 and 2006, having too far to walk was the most frequent cited reason for not walking to school. The number of pupils that gave this response increased slightly from 47% in 2002 to 49% in 2006.

With regard to safety issues, there was a decline in the percentage of respondents (from 13% in 2002 to 9% in 2006) that gave 'road safety concerns' as a reason for not walking, whilst the proportion of pupils that did not walk to school because of 'personal safety concerns' remained fairly constant.

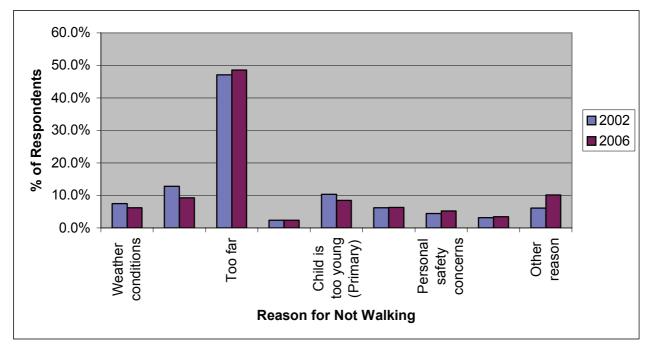


Figure 4.9 Reasons for not Walking – 2006 Survey vs 2002 Survey

Reasons for Not Cycling by School Category (2006)

Figure 4.10 provides a breakdown of the reasons given by primary and secondary school pupils for not travelling to school by bicycle.

All school pupils (i.e. respondents that attended primary and secondary schools) who indicated that they did not cycle to school were asked to provide the main reasons for this choice.

The main reason for primary school pupils not cycling to school was that they were considered 'too young' (26%). This was closely followed by road safety concerns (25%), which was far greater than the proportion of secondary pupils that gave this reason for not cycling (7%).

Amongst secondary school pupils, having too far to cycle was the main reason cited for not cycling to school (29%). The percentage of secondary school pupils who said they prefer to walk to school rather than cycle (21%) is far greater than the proportion of primary pupils that gave this reason (10%).

Eleven percent of secondary school pupils stated that having 'too much to carry' was the reason that they did not cycle to school compared to only 2% of primary pupils giving the same reason.

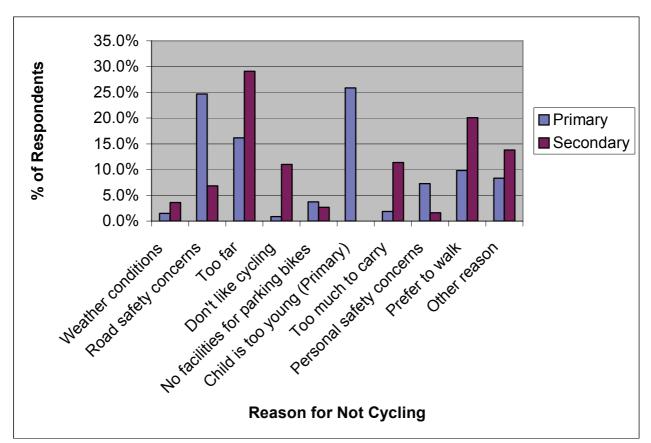


Figure 4.10 Reasons for Not Cycling by School Category (2006)

Reason for Not Cycling – 2006 Survey vs 2002 Survey

Figure 4.11 illustrates the reasons given by primary and secondary school pupils for not cycling to school in 2006 compared with 2002. The most significant change was that the proportion of respondents that mentioned road safety concerns decreased from 29% in 2002 to 18% in 2006.

There was virtually no change in the number of primary pupils who do not cycle because they are too young. However, there has been an increase in the proportion of pupils stating that they do not like to cycle; only 2% of respondents gave this reason in 2002, compared to 5% in 2006.

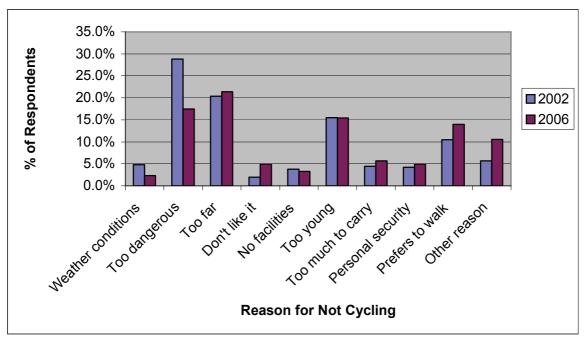


Figure 4.11 Reasons for Not Cycling – 2006 Survey vs 2002 Survey

5. Summary and Recommendations

5.1 Summary

Methodology

The changes to the questionnaire and survey methodology were successful. In particular, having an interviewer presence at third level institutions to distribute self-completion questionnaires has boosted the response rate in this category.

Both participation rates and response rates have increased across all school categories compared to the equivalent 2002 survey.

Survey Findings

The main findings from the 2006 survey were:

- the main modes of travel were walking, being a car passenger and travelling by bus;
- most respondents travelled less than 30 minutes when making their journey to school/college/university;
- most school children travelled less than 2km while the distance travelled by third level students was more disparate;
- the main reason given for school children not walking to school was that it was considered 'too far', however, the child being 'too young' and road safety concerns were also important determinants for primary children; and
- the reasons given for not cycling were more varied, with road safety and the child being 'too young' being the main reasons for primary children not cycling, while the distance being 'too far' and that the child preferring to walk being the main reasons for secondary school children not cycling to school.

County comparisons showed that:

 walking is slightly more popular in Dublin than in the other counties that make up the rest of the GDA, while being a car passenger is more prevalent in the rest of the GDA;

Comparisons between the 2002 and 2006 data show that:

- there has been a decrease in bus use and an increase in the proportion of pupils/students who are now car passengers; and
- there has been a decrease in average journey times with a larger proportion of pupils travelling 15 minutes or less to school.

5.2 **Recommendations for Future Surveys**

MVA Consultancy made the following recommendations for implementing future sweeps of the survey:

Fieldwork

- Stagger the posting of letters to schools to coincide with the dispatch of the packs to the survey coordinators that will be working in the area. This would mean that the letter and call from the coordinator would be timelier and so help to ensure a higher rate of response.
- Many parents of children in Irish language primary schools requested questionnaires written in English. It would therefore be sensible in the future to issue Irish language primary schools with both English and Irish versions of the questionnaire so as to avoid having to reallocate more surveys to these schools once fieldwork has begun.
- Carefully time fieldwork so as to avoid any overlap with holidays, school breaks, etc., including contingency weeks for 'mopping up'.

Questions

The reliability of responses to the journey start and duration time questions is doubtful. Although departure time has been completed fairly consistently, it would appear that not all respondents have used the 24-hour clock. Respondents appear to have had particular difficulty with the journey duration time question; many appear to have entered their arrival time at their place of education, while others appear to have entered their departure time from their place of education. The resultant confusion and inaccurate responses for journey times creates problems in calculating arrival time and average speed. The wording of this question should be reviewed and options for improved clarity tested.

Appendix A – Introductory Letters to Schools

and Colleges





Dear Principal,

Re: Travel to School Survey.

In 2002 your school was good enough to assist us with a travel-to-school survey of students in the Counties of Dublin, Meath, Kildare and Wicklow. The time has come to update the survey, so I am writing to request your help once more. The Dublin Transportation Office is working to improve transport systems in the Greater Dublin Area and a large investment programme is being planned. To help us target these improvements we need complete information on traffic patterns in the Region, including the important travel-to-school component. We would be most grateful for your help with the survey, as it will enable us to plan the best transportation policies in your area.

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- An administrator from Amàrach/Field Research Ireland visits your school with questionnaires, instruction materials etc, and briefs you, or your delegate, on the requirements;
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In order to achieve the maximum number of returned forms we would be grateful if you could ask the class teachers to emphasise the importance of the survey to the students, in terms of providing a better transport policy. Schools returning a successful survey will be entered into a prize draw and winners will receive notebook computers for their school.

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Mise le meas,

John Henry, Stiúrthóir / OPF





Dear xxxxxxxx,

Re: Student Travel Survey.

I am writing to request your help with a very important survey of third level students in the Counties of Dublin, Meath, Kildare and Wicklow. The aim of the survey is to obtain information on student travel to university or college. The Dublin Transportation Office is working to improve transport systems in the Greater Dublin Area and a large investment programme is being planned. To help us target these improvements we need complete information on traffic patterns in the Region, including the important student component. We would be most grateful for your help with the survey, as it will enable us to plan the best transportation policies in your area.

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The survey is commissioned by DTO and will be carried out by MVA Consultancy and Amárach/Field Research Ireland in October and November. Amárach/Field Research Ireland will contact you within the next two or three weeks to request assistance and make arrangements.

The process that we envisage is designed to minimise involvement and work from university and college staff. In order to undertake the survey, we will require access to your students, and we will be seeking your advice on how and where to achieve this effectively and without disrupting the work of the college or university. Students will be asked to complete a single-page questionnaire. We hope to issue these to students in public areas around each campus. As the questionnaire is very short, we will ask students to complete the questionnaire there and then, but students who are unable to do so will be given a note containing a web link where they can go on line and complete the survey in their own time.

We envisage the following process:

- An administrator from Amárach/Field Research Ireland contacts you to secure your permission and make arrangements for the survey;
- The administrator visits you and, with your advice, prepares a survey plan, i.e. a schedule of interviewer shifts and locations where the survey will be carried out;
- You approve the plan and the interviewers undertake the survey.

If you have any further queries please contact Mary Mulcahy at Amárach/Field Research Ireland on 01 660 5506 or 08724 41332. Thanking you for your assistance.

Yours sincerely,

ghe

John Henry, Director / CEO

Appendix B – Questionnaires





DTO Primary School Travel Survey 2006

The Dublin Transportation Office is working to improve transport systems in Dublin, Kildare, Meath and Wicklow. Under Transport 21 – launched by the Government in November 2005 - a major programme of investment in transport is planned over the next ten years. To help us plan these improvements, we need information about your child's journey to and from school on the most recent **Tuesday**, **Wednesday or Thursday**. The form will take only a few minutes to complete and the **information will not be used for any purpose other than this travel survey**. Please complete this form by filling in your answer in the box provided or by placing a circle around the appropriate number in the coded boxes.

If you have more than one child in primary school then you will need to complete a separate survey for each child.

All schools participating in this research will be included in a prize draw for notebook computers for the use of the school.

Please write the date of the journey you are telling us about in the box opposite Remember we are interested in the most recent Tuesday, Wednesday or Thursday. **Date of Journey**

What is the name of your child's school? (no address required)

2 What class is your child in? CIRCLE ONE CODE ONLY

Junior infant	1
Senior infant	2

1

First class	3
Second class	4

BB GINE I	
Third class	5
Fourth class	6

Fifth class	7
Sixth class	8

- **3** From where did your child start their main journey to school on the day you are telling us about? PLEAS ENTER FULL ADDRESS IN BLOCK CAPITALS (e.g. 10 ROSELAWN AVENUE, GLASNEVIN, DUBLIN 1)
- **4 How far from the school does your child live?** PLEASE ESTIMATE TO THE **NEAREST** KILOMETRE. CIRCLE ONE CODE ONLY.

5

6

Less than 0.5km
1 km

 2 km
 3
 4 km

 3 km
 4
 5 km

6 km	7
7 km	8

8 km	9
More than 8.5 km	10

5 What was your child's <u>main mode</u> of travel <u>to school</u> on the day you are telling us about? CIRCLE ONE CODE ONLY

Walking 1	Public bus	3	Car	5	Train or DART	7
Cycling 2	Privately hired bus	4	Car pool/lift sharing	6	LUAS	8

FOR QUESTIONS 6 AND 7 PLEASE WRITE IN HOURS AND MINUTES

6 At what time did your child leave for school on the day you are telling us about?

 Hour
 Minutes

 Hours
 Minutes

7 How long did this journey take?

1

8	What was CIRCLE OF			trave	l ho	ome <u><i>from school</i> o</u> n th	e day yo	u are telling us al	bout?
Walking	1	Pul	blic bus	3		Car	5	Train or DART	7
Cycling	2	Pri	vately hired bus	4		Car pool/lift sharing	6	LUAS	8
	NG. OTHERW After drop Please give address yo	ISE GO TO ping off y 1 2 e us as fu u gave us	QUESTION 12 Tour child at school Crèche Shops Ill an address as	ol, wh	ere an	LED TO OR FROM SCH did the driver go? CII 3 4 for this destination, if FULL ADDRESS IN	RCLE O Anothe Somew f it is di	NE CODE ONLYer school5/here else6ifferent from the	home
11 To sch	and/or from					any people were in t NUMBERS IN THE B From school	OXES P		ed to
12	What age i	s your ch i	ild? Age of	child]	_
13	Is your chi	ld	A boy 1			A girl 2		_	
14	Does your	child usua	ally walk to schoo	1?			GO TO (CONTIN	<u>`</u>	
15		e <u>main</u> rea	<i>v</i>			sually walk to school?			LY
Weather co		1	Don't like		<u> </u>			l safety concerns	7
Road safet Too far	y concerns	2	Child is too Too much	2	<u> </u>			efers to cycle	8
100 181		3	100 much	to car	I y	6	Other		9
16			ally cycle to schoo		N	to 2 COI	TO Q18 NTINUE	3	τV
17 Weather		loo far	No faci		foi	sually cycle to school? Too much		Child prefe	1
conditions	1	00 101	3 parking b		101	5 carry	7	/ 11 ¹	9
Road safet		Oon't like		is	toc		safety	Other	
concerns	2 C	ycling	4 young			6 concerns	8	;	10
18	In the last t school?	twelve mo Yes No	onths, has your ch	1 2	en	involved in an accider CONTINUE GO TO END	nt whilst	travelling to or f	rom
Serious inj			Did this Minor injury	s accio	len	t result in No persona	1 iniury	2	
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				~ ~ ~	3	
19	What mode			sing o	on t	hat occasion? CIRCL	<u>E ON</u> E (
Walking	1		blic bus	3		Car	5	Train or DART	7
Cycling	2	Pri	vately hired bus	4		Car pool/lift sharing	6	LUAS	8

Thank you for taking the time to complete this form. Please give it to your child to return to school.





Suirbhé Taistil Bhunscoile DTO 2006

Tá an Oifig Iompair Bhaile Átha Cliath ag obair chun feabhas a chur ar chórais iompair i mBaile Átha Cliath, i gCill Dara, ins an Mhí agus i gCill Mhantáin. Faoi Iompar 21 – arna sheoladh ag an Rialtas i Mí na Samhna 2005 – tá mórchlár infheistíochta iompair beartaithe le haghaidh an deich mbliana seo chugainn. D'fhonn cúnamh a thabhairt dúinn leis na feabhsúcháin seo, beidh eolas faoi thuras do leanbh go dtí an scoil agus ón scoil de dhíth orainn don **Mháirt, Chéadaoin nó Déardaoin** is déanaí. Ní thógfaidh an fhoirm seo ach cúpla nóiméad chun í a chomhlánú agus **ní úsáidfear an t-eolas do chuspóir ar bith ach amháin don suirbhé taistil seo.** Déan comhlíonadh ar an bhfoirm seo trí do fhreagra a líonadh sa bhosca foráilte nó trí chiorcal a chur timpeall na huimhreach cuí sna boscaí códaithe le do thoil.

Beidh gach scoil a ghlacann rannpháirtíocht sa taighde seo san áireamh i gcrannchur duaise do ríomhairí glúine i gcomhair úsáid na scoile.

		ırais a bhfuil á chur síos fuil spéis againn ins an M					Dáta an Tu	ırais
20	Cad é ainm sc	oile do leanbh? (níl seola	dh riachtanacl	n)				
20				1)				
21	Cón rong ino l	bhfuil do leanbh? NÁ Cl						
Naíonáin	0	Rang a haon	3	Rang a trí	5	Rang a	cúig	7
Naíonáin	móra 2	Rang a dó	4	Rang a ceathair	6	Rang a		8
22	CUIR AN SE	huir do leanbh tús lena p OLADH LÁN ISTEACH I, BAILE ÁTHA CLIATH	I mBLOCLI					ANNA,
23	GIORRA. NÁ	la agus atá do leanbh in CUIR CIORCAL ACH A	AR CHÓD AN	<u>1HÁI</u> N	IEASTÚCHÁ		LEAMÉAD.	
Níos lú ná	a 0.5km 1	2 km 3		5 6 km	7	8 km	0.51	9
1 km	2	3 km 4	5 km	6 7 km	8	Níos mó ná 8	5.5 km	10
24		<mark>r phríomhmhodh iompa</mark> i 2H AR CHÓD AMHÁIN	r go dtí an <i>sco</i>	oil ag do leanbh ar	[.] an lá atá á c	hur síos agat	dúinn? NÁ	CUIR
Siúlóid		Bus poiblí	3	Gluaisteán	5		nó DART	7
Rothaíoc	cht 2 E	Bus ar cíos príobháideach	4	Carrlinn/malartú	i síbe 6	LUAS		8
SCR	ÍOBH IN UAIREA	ANTA AGUS NÓIMÉID I	DO CHEISTE	ANNA 6 AGUS 7	LE DO THOI	L		
25		fhág do leanbh i gcomh 1r síos agat dúinn?	air scoil ar	Uair		Nóiméid		
26	Cé mhéid ama	a a thóg an turas seo?		Uaireanta		Nóiméid		
27		ar phríomhmhodh iompa TH AR CHÓD AMHÁIN	ar <i>ón scoil</i> a	g do leanbh ar ar	n lá atá á ch	ur síos agat (dúinn? NÁ	CUIR
Siúlóid		Bus poiblí	3	Gluaisteán	5		nó DART	7
Rothaíoc	cht 2 E	Bus ar cíos príobháideach	4	Carrlinn/malartí	i síbe 6	LUAS		8
	GHLUAISTEÁN,	NNA 9-11 ACH AMHÁ CARRLINN NÓ MALAF	RTÚ SÍBE. M	URA DHEIN TÉIC	GH GO CEIST	T 12		

28 Cár imigh an tiománaí i ndiaidh dó/di do leanbh a fhágáil ag an scoil? NÁ CUIR CIORCAL ACH AR CHÓD AMHÁIN

Baile	1
Obair	2

Crèche	3	I
Siopaí	4	

Scoil eile	5
Áit éigin eile	6

30 Go dtí 31	an scoil agu										
	an scon	s/nó ón scoi					NA BC	í agus do leanbh in: DSCAÍ AR CUIREA n scoil			o dtí
	Cén aois atá		? ois an lin	bh							J
32	An bhfuil d Bhua		ı	1	C	Cailín			2		
33	An siúilean	do leanbh Siúileann Ní Shiúile		n scoil de ghu 1 2		_	H GO N AR A	C16 AGHAIDH			
34	Cad é an ph AMHÁIN	ríomhchúis	nach siu	úileann do le	anbh go	dtí an s	coil de	ghnáth? NÁ CUIR	CIOR	CAL ACH AR CI	ΗÓΙ
aid na hA	imsire		1	Ní maith	leis/léi si	úlóid	4	Imní faoi Sháb	háiltea	cht Phearsanta	7
ní faoi Sl	hábháilteacht	Bhóithre	2	Tá an lea	nbh ró-óg	5	5	Is fearr leis an	leanbh	rothaíocht	8
char ró-fh	nada		3	An iomai	ca le hior	mpar	6	Eile			9
					6.3.0						
35	An rothaior		-	in scoil de gh	náth?	Т	ÉLOU	00.010			
		Rotha			1			GO C18			
		Ni Ro	thaíonn		2	L	EAN A	AR AGHAIDH			
36	Cad é an ph CHÓD AMI		nach ro	thaíonn do le	eanbh go	dtí an s	scoil d	e ghnáth? NÁ CUIF	R CIOR	CAL ACH AR	
id na	1	Achar ró-		Níl áiseann		honn		An iomarca le		Is fearr leis an	
imsire		hada	3	rothair a ph			5	hiompar	7	leanbh siúlóid	9
ní faoi		Ní maith		Tá an leanb	h ró-óg			Imní faoi		Eile	
ábháilteac hóithre		eis/léi othaíocht	4				6	Shábháilteacht Phearsanta	8		10
nonne		omaiociii	4				0	ThearSanta	0		1
37	An raibh ba ón scoil?	int ag do le	anbh i d	timpiste i rit	h an dá r	nhí dhé	ag seo	caite agus é/í i mbu	ın taist	il go dtí an scoil	nó
		Bhí			1	LEA	AN AR	AGHAIDH			
		Ní Raibh			2	ΤÁ	TU CF	RIOCHNAITHE			

39 Cén modh taistil a raibh á úsáid ag do leanbh ar an ócáid úd? NÁ CUIR CIORCA	AL AC	H AR CHOD AMHAI	N
Siúlóid 1 Bus poiblí 3 Gluaisteán	5	Traein nó DART	7
Rothaíocht2Bus ar cíos príobháideach4Carrlinn/malartú síbe	6	LUAS	8

Go raibh maith agat as ucht an fhoirm seo a líonadh isteach. Tabhair é de do leanbh le do thoil chun é a thabhairt thar n-ais go dtí an scoil.





DTO Secondary School Travel Survey 2006

The Dublin Transportation Office is working to improve transport systems in Dublin, Kildare, Meath and Wicklow. Under Transport 21 – launched by the Government in November 2005 - a major programme of investment in transport is planned over the next ten years. To help us plan these improvements, we need information about your journey to and from school on the most recent **Tuesday**, **Wednesday or Thursday**. The form will take only a few minutes to complete and the **information will not be used for any purpose other than this travel survey**. Please complete this form by filling in your answer in the box provided or by placing a circle around the appropriate number in the coded boxes.

All schools participating in this research will be included in a prize draw for notebook computers for the use of the school.

Please write the date of the journey you are telling us about in the box opposite. Remember we are interested in the most recent Tuesday, Wednesday or Thursday. **Date of Journey**

5

40 What is the name of your school? (no address required)

41 What year are you in? CIRCLE ONE CODE ONLY

1 Third Year 2 Transition/Fourth Y

	3	Fifth Year
ear	4	Sixth Year

- **From where did you start your main journey to school on the day you are telling us about?** PLEASE ENTER **FULL** ADDRESS IN BLOCK CAPITALS (e.g. 10 ROSELAWN AVENUE, GLASNEVIN, DUBLIN 11)
- **43 How far from the school do you live?** PLEASE ESTIMATE TO THE **NEAREST** KILOMETRE. CIRCLE ONE CODE ONLY.

5

6

Less than 0.5km	
1 km	

42

First Year

Second Year

3 4 km 4 5 km

6 km	7
7 km	8

8 km	9
More than 8.5 km	10

44 What was your <u>main mode</u> of travel <u>to school</u> on the day you are telling us about? CIRCLE ONE CODE ONLY

Walking 1	Public bus	3	Car	5	Train or DART	7
Cycling 2	Privately hired bus	4	Car pool/lift sharing	6	LUAS	8

FOR QUESTIONS 6 AND 7 PLEASE WRITE IN HOURS AND MINUTES

45 At what time did you leave for school on the day you are telling us about?

2 km

3 km

 on
 Hour
 Minutes

 Hours
 Minutes

46 How long did this journey take?

47 What was your <u>main mode</u> of travel home <u>from school</u> on the day you are telling us about? CIRCLE ONE CODE ONLY

Walking 1 Pub	blic bus 3	Car	5	Train or DART	7
	vately hired bus 4	Car pool/lift sharing	6	LUAS	8
OTHERWISE GO TO QUE	10 ONLY IF YOU TRAVELLI ESTION 11 g you off at school, where				HARING.
40 And uropping	g you on at senool, where	und the driver go. en			
Home1Work2		Another school5Somewhere else6	Don	't Know 7]
	driver and you, how matches the NUME		PROVIDE		'or from
50 What age are y	you? Age				
51 Are you	Male 1	Female	2		
52 Do you usually	v walk to school?		GO TO Q15 CONTINUI		
53 What is the <i>ma</i>	<i>un</i> reason you do not usu	ally walk to school? C	IRCLE ON	E CODE ONLY	
Weather conditions 1	Too far 3	Too much to ca		Prefer to cyc	cle 7
Road safety	Don't Like	Personal safety		Other	
concerns 2	walking 4	concerns	6	Other	8
54 Do you usually	v cycle to school?		GO TO QI CONTINU		
55 What is the <u>ma</u>	<u>uin </u> reason you do not usu	ally cycle to school? C	IRCLE ON	E CODE ONLY	
Weather conditions	1 Don't like cyclin	<u> </u>	Personal	safety concerns	7
Road safety concerns	2 No facilities for		Prefer to	walk	8
Too far	3 Too much to can	fry 6	Other		9
56 In the last twel school?	ve months, have you been			travelling to or from	m
	Yes	1 CONTINU		-	
	No	2 GO TO E	ND		
57 Did this accide					_
Serious injury 1	Minor inju	iry 2	No perso	nal injury ³	
58 What mode of	travel were you using on	that occasion? CIRCI	LE ONE CO	ODE ONLY	
	blic bus 3 vately hired bus 4	Car Car pool/lift sharing	5	Train or DART LUAS	7
	· j · · · · · · · ·		, v		~





Suirbhé Taistil Meánscoile DTO 2006

Tá an Oifig Iompair Bhaile Átha Cliath ag obair chun feabhas a chur ar chórais iompair i mBaile Átha Cliath, i gCill Dara, ins an Mhí agus i gCill Mhantáin. Faoi Iompar 21 – arna sheoladh ag an Rialtas i Mí na Samhna 2005 – tá mórchlár infheistíochta iompair beartaithe le haghaidh an deich mbliana seo chugainn. D'fhonn cúnamh a thabhairt dúinn na feabhsúcháin seo a phleanáil, beidh eolas faoi do thuras chuig agus ó na scoile de dhíth orainn don Mháirt, Chéadaoin nó Déardaoin is déanaí. Ní thógfaidh an fhoirm seo ach cúpla nóiméad chun í a chomhlánú agus ní úsáidfear an t-eolas do chuspóir ar bith ach amháin don suirbhé taistil seo. Déan comhlíonadh ar an bhfoirm seo trí do fhreagra a líonadh sa bhosca foráilte nó trí chiorcal a chur timpeall na huimhreach cuí sna boscaí códaithe le do thoil.

Beidh gach scoil a ghlacann rannpháirtíocht sa taighde seo san áireamh i gcrannchur duaise do ríomhairí glúine i gcomhair úsáid na scoile.

Dáta an Turais Scríobh dáta an turais a bhfuil á chur síos dúinn agat sa bhosca ar an deis Cuimhnigh go bhfuil spéis againn ins an Mháirt, Chéadaoin nó an Déardaoin is déanaí. 59 Cad é ainm do scoile? (níl seoladh riachtanach) Cén rang a bhfuil tú? NÁ CUIR CIORCAL ACH AR CHÓD AMHÁIN 60 An Tríú bhliain An Chéad bhliain 1 3 An Cúigiú bhliain An Dara bhliain 2 An Idirbhliain/ an cheathrú bhliain 4 An Séú bhliain 6 61 Ó cén áit ar chuir tú tús le do phríomh turas go dtí an scoil ar an lá atá á chur síos agat dúinn? CUIR AN SEOLADH LÁN ISTEACH I mBLOCLITREACHA (m.sh. 10 ASCAILL PHLÁSÓG NA RÓSANNA, GLAS NAÍON, BAILE ÁTHA CLIATH 1) Cé chomh fada ón scoil a bhfuil tú i do chónaí? DÉAN MEASTÚCHÁN DON CHILEAMÉADAR IS 62 GIORRA. NÁ CUIR CIORCAL ACH AR CHÓD AMHÁIN Níos lú ná 0.5km 2 km 3 4 km 5 6 km 9 7 8 km 2 4 5 km 8 6 Níos mó ná 8.5 km 10 1 km 3 cm 7 km 63 Cad a bhí mar do phríomhmhodh iompar go dtí an scoil ar an lá atá á chur síos agat dúinn? NÁ CUIR CIORCAL ACH AR CHÓD AMHÁIN Siúlóid Bus poiblí Gluaisteán Traein nó DART 1 5 7 3 Bus ar cíos príobháideach 4 Carrlinn/malartú síbe 6 8 Rothaíocht 2 LUAS SCRÍOBH ISTEACH UAIREANTA AGUS NÓIMÉID DO CHEISTEANNA 6 AGUS 7 LE DO THOIL Cén t-am ar fhág tú i gcomhair scoil ar an lá 64 Uair Nóiméid atá á chur síos agat dúinn? Uaireanta Nóiméid 65 Cé mhéid ama a thóg an turas seo? 66 Cad a bhí mar do phríomhmhodh iompar ón scoil agat ar an lá atá á chur síos agat dúinn? NÁ CUIR CIORCAL ACH AR CHÓD AMHÁIN Siúlóid Bus poiblí Gluaisteán Traein nó DART 1 3 5 Rothaíocht Carrlinn/malartú síbe LUAS Bus cíos

ar

4

príobháideach

2

8

6

FREAGAIR CEISTEANNA 9-11 ACH AMHÁIN MÁ THAISTEAL TÚ **GO DTÍ AN SCOIL NÓ ÓN** SCOIL TRÍ GHLUAISTEÁN, CHARRLINN NÓ MHALARTÚ SÍBE. MURA DHEIN TÉIGH GO CEIST 12

67	Cár imigh a AMHÁIN	an tiománaí i ndi	iaidh dó	/di tú féir	ı a fha	ágáil ag	g an sco	il? NÁ (CUIR CIORCAI	L ACI	I AR CH	ÓD
Baile		1	Crèc	he			3		Scoil eile		5	
Obair		2	Siop	aí			4		Áit éigin eile		6	
68	scoil agus/n	laoine a raibh sa ó ón scoil? SCRÍ(ghluaist	teán, ina 1			A BOSC	AÍ ĂR C				í an
Go dtí	an scoil						Ón sc	2011]
69	Cén aois atá	á tú? Aois										
70	An bhfuil tú	í										
		nnach	1		Ba	inneana	ich		2			
71	An siúilean	n tú go dtí an sco	il de ghn	áth?								
		Siúileann		1			I GO C1					
		Ní Shiúileann		2		LEAN	AR AG	HAIDH				
72	Cad é an ph AMHÁIN	ríomhchúis nach	ı siúilear	ın tú go d	tí an s	scoil de	ghnáth	? NÁ CU	JIR CIORCAL A	ACH A	AR CHÓI)
Staid na hA	imsire	1	Ní mai	th leat siú	lóid			4	Is fearr lea	t roth	aíocht	7
Imní faoi S	hábháilteacht		An ion	harca le hi	ompar			5	Eile			8
Achar ró-fh	nada	3	Imní fa	oi Shábhá	ilteacl	ht Phear	santa	6				
73		nn tú go dtí an sco	oil de gh	náth?	- mé i	<u>au ao</u>	<u> </u>					
		haíonn				GH GO						
	N1 I	Rothaíonn		2	LEA	AN AK A	AGHAI	DH				
74	Cad é an ph AMHÁIN	ríomhchúis nach	rothaío				e ghnáth			АСН		D
Staid na hAimsire	1	Achar ró-fhada	3	Níl áis d'fhon pháirce	n roth		5	Shál	í faoi bháilteacht arsanta	7	Eile	9
Imní faoi		Ní maith leat		An ion	narca l	e		Is fe	arr leat siúlóid			
Shábháiltea		rothaíocht		hiompa	ar							
Bhóithre	2		4				6	_		8		
75	An raibh ba scoil?	aint agat i dtimpi	ste i rith	an dá ml	hí dhé	0	0			tí an s	coil nó ó	n
		Bhí			1			HAIDH				
		Ní Raibh			2	TATU	CRIOC	CHNAITI	HE			
76	Ah es torad	h na timpiste seo										
Gortú trom			ú éadron	<u>ו</u>	2		Gortú	nearsant	ta ar bith	3		
Sorta trolli				-			Contu	peurbuin				

77 Cén modh taistil a raibh á úsáid agat ar an ócáid úd? NÁ CUIR CIORCAL ACH AR CHÓD AMHÁIN

Siúlóid 1	Bus poiblí	3	Gluaisteán	5	Traein nó DART	7
Rothaíocht 2	Bus ar cíos príobháideach	4	Carrlinn/malartú síbe	6	LUAS	8

Go raibh maith agat as ucht an fhoirm seo a líonadh isteach. Tabhair é anois de do mhúinteoir le do thoil.





DTO Travel Survey 2006 Third Level Colleges

The Dublin Transportation Office is working to improve transport systems in Dublin, Kildare, Meath and Wicklow. Under Transport 21 – launched by the Government in November 2005 - a major programme of investment in transport is planned over the next ten years. To help us plan these improvements, we need complete information on travel in the region. By helping us with this questionnaire you will help us to plan the best transportation policies for your area. All completed questionnaires will be entered into a prize draw to win one of 20 i-pods. The information you provide will NOT be used for any other purpose than for this travel survey.

Please complete this form by filling in your answer in the box provided or by placing a circle around the appropriate number in the coded boxes. **Please circle ONE CODE ONLY for each answer.**

78 What is the n	v		<u>provided</u> ersity/Coll			DATE e campu	is name if a	ppropri	iate)	
79 From where PLEASE ENTE GLASNEVIN, D	R <u>FULI</u>	<u>A</u> DDR						ELAW	/N AV	/ENUE,
BO How far from	1 the Univ	versity/C	ollege do y	you liv	e? PLEASE EST	IMATE TO	O THE NEARI	EST KILO	OMETRI	Ξ.
Less than 0.5km 1	2 km	3	4 km	5	6 km	7	8 km			9
1 km 2	3 km	4	5 km	6	7 km	8	More	than 8.	.5 km	10
81 What was you Walking Cycling Public Bus		Private Car (D	ly hired bu		4 5 6	Train LUA	n or DART			7 8 9
82 What is the <u>n</u>	<u>nain</u> reas	on you tra	avelled to	Unive	rsity/College	this wa	y?			
		Safest			Need to m	ake ot	ther trips		Other	10
Quickest	1			4	during day			7		
Cheapest	1 2		Reasons	4 5	during day No public tra		earby	7 8	<u> </u>	
`		Health Most Fl			during day		earby		<u>I</u>	_
Cheapest	2 3	Most Fl	exible	5 6	during day No public tra No Alternativ		earby	8	L	
Cheapest Comfort/Convenient	2 3 7 PLEASE	Most Fl	exible HOURS AN	5 6 D MIN	during day No public tra No Alternativ		earby	8	S	

84 How long did this journey take?

Hours Minutes

85 If you did not travel by car, was a car available for this journey?

PLEASE COMPLETE **QUESTION 9** <u>ONLY</u> IF YOU TRAVELLED <u>TO</u>UNIVERSITY/COLLEGE TODAY <u>BY CAR</u>, OR INTEND TO MAKE YOUR <u>RETURN</u> JOURNEY BY CAR.

86 Including the driver, how many people were in the car you travelled in/will travel in?

TO University/College

FROM University/College

- 87 If you travelled to University/College by public transport, how long did it take you to walk to the bus stop or station from the above address?

 - 88 If you are making a return journey to the same address today, what will your main mode of travel be?

Walking		Public Bus		Car (Driver)		Ĩ	Train o	r	Motorb
	1		3		5		DART	7	
Cycling		Privately hired		Car (Passenger)			LUAS		Not ma
	2	bus	4		6			8	to that

Motorbike or Moped	
	9
Not making a return journey	
to that address today	10

5

6

89 In the last twelve months, have you been involved in an accident whilst travelling to/from University/College?

Yes	1	CONTINUE
No	2	GO TO Q15

90 Did this accident result in...

91	What mode of Walking Cycling Public Bus		-	y hired bus (ver)	4 5 6		Train or DART LUAS Motorbike or Moped		7 8 9
92	Are you		Male	1	Female	;	2		
	At what stage	3 rd Ye	Universit ear Undergra ear Undergra	aduate 3	Sth Year Unde 6 th Year Unde	rgrad		ost Graduate	7
	17 What age are you	2	Ag	ge					

Contact Phone Number:

Thank you very much for taking the time to complete this questionnaire. Please hand it in now.